Artificial Intelligence for **Humanities & Social Sciences**







TALOS Launching event University of Crete - Rethymno March, 14 - 2023

> "The question of whether computers can think is just like the question of whether submarines can swim."

> > — EDSGER W. DIJKSTRA

- **Homo Digitalis**
- **Artificial Intelligence**
- **Applications**
- AI for SSH

Prof Christophe Roche

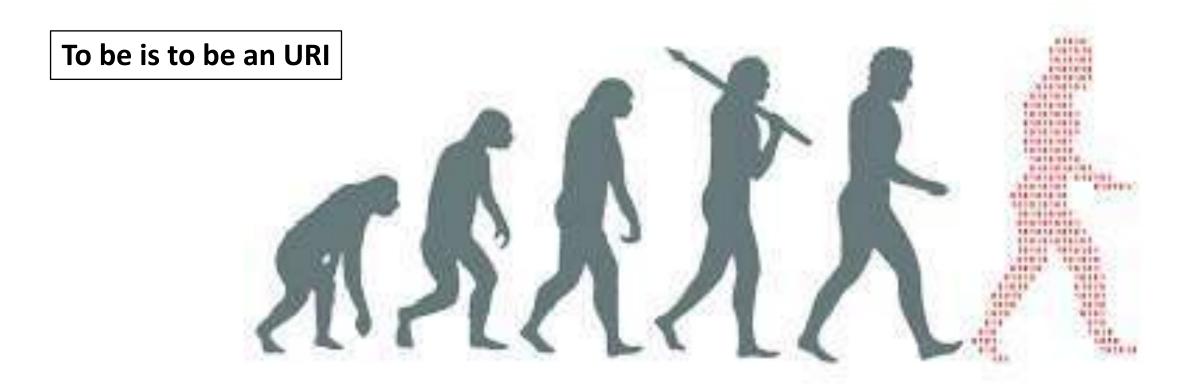
University of Crete (Greece) - ERA Chair Holder University Savoie Mont Blanc (France)

http://christophe-roche.fr/



1) Homo Digitalis





Set of digits: digital identity

social networks

bank transactions, surfing on the web...

1) Homo Digitalis





Big Data Network

- ✓ Organize
- Classify
- ✓ Exploit



Digital Intelligence

2) Artificial Intelligence

Is a chess computer intelligent?

It is able to:

- Represent (the world)
- Reason (on the representation of the world)
- Act (on the representation of the world)
- Learn (on the representation of the world)





Is ChatGPT intelligent?

As an artificial intelligence language model, I am designed to process and analyze large amounts of data, understand natural language, and generate text that mimics human-like responses.

...it is important to note that I am still a machine and do not have consciousness or emotions like humans.

2) Artificial Intelligence



What is human intelligence?

"The ability to acquire and apply knowledge and skills" Oxford Dictionary



"the ability to learn, understand, and make judgments or have opinions that are based on reason" Cambridge





ChatGPT

Human intelligence is a complex and multifaceted concept that refers to the cognitive abilities and mental capacity of human beings.

It involves the ability to <u>reason</u>, think <u>abstractly</u>, solve <u>problems</u>, <u>learn</u> from experience, understand complex ideas, communicate effectively, and adapt to new situations.

2) Artificial Intelligence

Artificial Intelligence is back in fashion. It has become efficient thanks to the **technical progress** made in **computing power** and **storage capacity**, and on the availability of a **large amount of data**.

"Artificial Intelligence (AI) is the part of computer science concerned with designing intelligence computer systems, that is, systems that exhibit the characteristics we associate with intelligence in human behavior – understanding language, learning, reasoning, solving problems, and so on" "The Handbook of AI"

Strong Al

Computer is a model of brain.

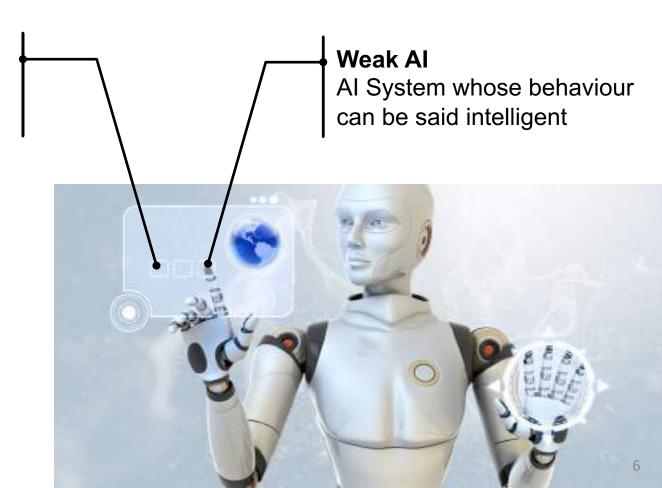
Al system can think as human does

ChatGPT

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is the **simulation** of human intelligence processes by computer systems.

These processes include **learning**, **reasoning**, **problem-solving**, **perception**, and **decision-making**.

Al technologies enable machines to perform tasks that normally require human-like cognition, such as understanding natural language, recognizing objects, making decisions, and adapting to new situations.



Connectionist A.I.





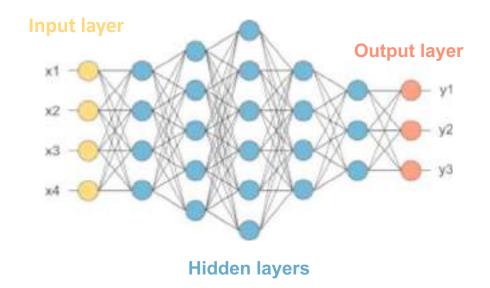
Connectionist A.I. is the branch of artificial intelligence which aims to understand how the human brain works at the neural level and, in particular, how people learn and remember.

All is nowadays most often associated with Deep Learning based on neural networks.

Deep Learning - Neural Network

Artificial Neural Networks are computing systems inspired by biological neural networks.

Such systems "learn" to perform tasks by considering examples. For example, in image recognition, they might learn to identify images that contain cats by analyzing example images that have been manually labeled as "cat".

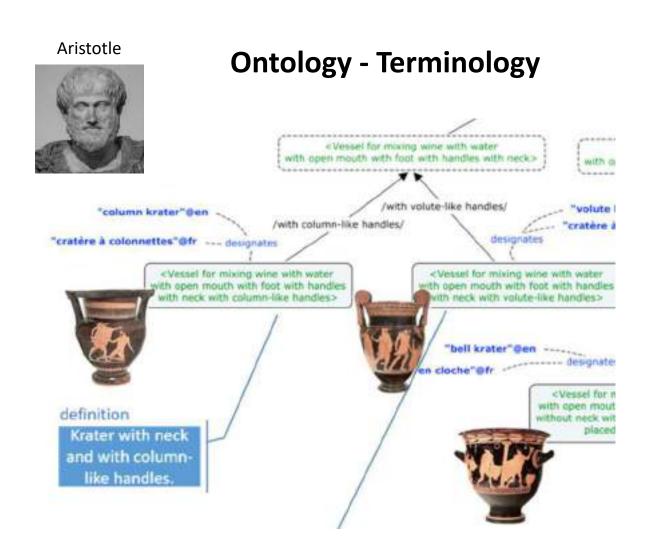


Finding correlations between inputs and outputs

Symbolic A.I.



Symbolic AI (or Classical AI) is the branch of artificial intelligence which aims to explicitly **represent human knowledge** (e.g. facts and rules) in a **declarative form** (i.e. understandable both by human and computer)



Expert Systems (reasoning)

If the soil pH is less than 6.0 and



the soil *has a high level of* aluminum, **then** it is not suitable for growing most crops.

If the stock price of a company has been rising for three consecutive quartersthen it is likely to be a good investment.

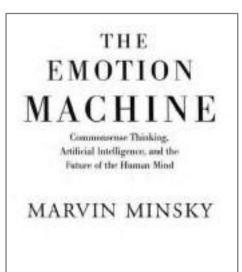


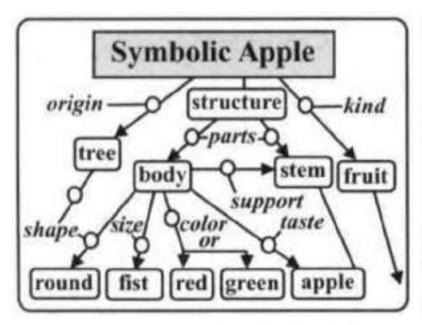
TALOS Launching event – 14/03/2023

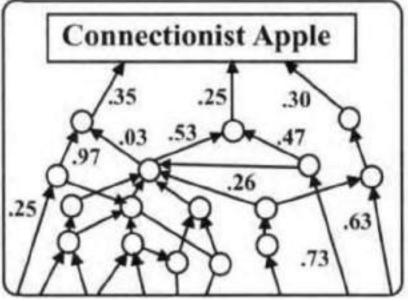
Symbolic A.I. versus Connectionist A.I.











The diagram on the left shows a Semantic Network that describes various features and relationships between various aspects or parts of an apple. The diagram on the right shows an example of what is called a "Connectionist Network," which also displays some aspects of an apple, but does not have any simple way to distinguish between different relationships; it only shows numbers that represent how closely those features are "associated." It would take too long here to explain how such networks

Symbolic A.I. versus Connectionist A.I.





Machine learning is one powerful form of Artificial Intelligence.

Popular consumer applications such as Google Maps, Facebook's news feed, and Tesla's autopilot have been very successful at harnessing the power of machine learning to **recognize** patterns in massive amounts of data.

But human intelligence is much more than just pattern recognition, and Artificial Intelligence is much more than just Machine Learning. To earn the trust of decision makers, ML needs to operate transparently, to explain its conclusions.

As useful as ML can be, it identifies correlation, not causation; it requires a large volume of training data; and it can't explain its results.



Al Black Box



Hybrid A.I.: Combining Symbolic AI and ML/DL

Brings together the best aspects of neural networks and symbolic AI.

3) Applications







Al is everywhere



Should we be afraid of A.I.?





Military robots are autonomous robots or remote-controlled mobile robots designed for military applications, from transport to search & rescue and attack.

Autonomous weapons select and engage targets without human intervention.

Autonomous weapons have been described as the third revolution in warfare, after gunpowder and nuclear arms.





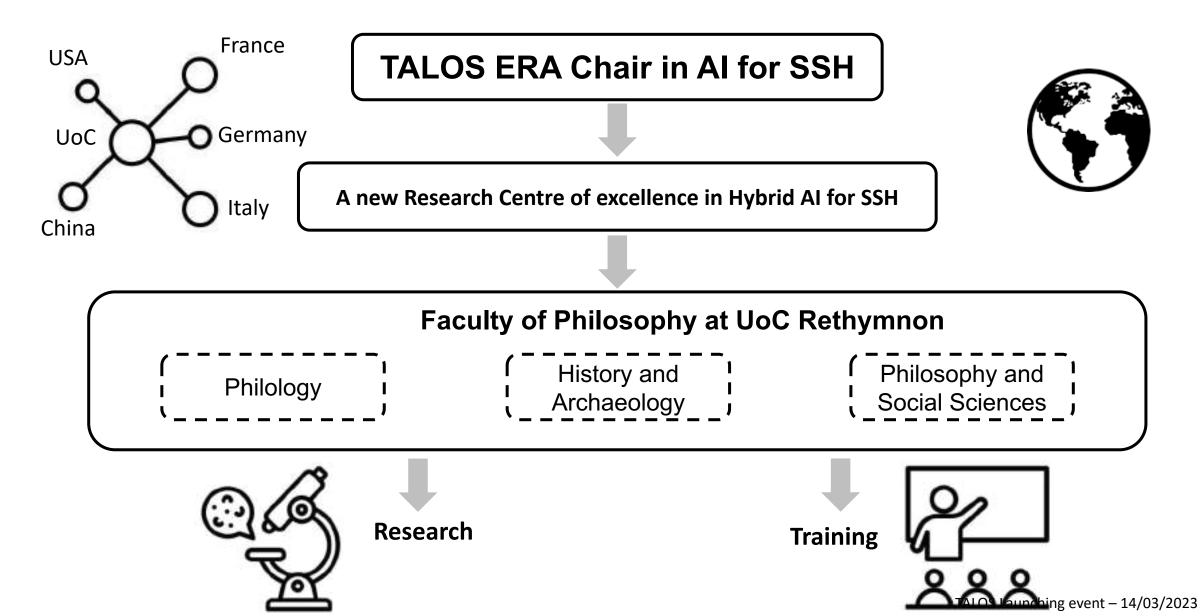
Protection?

Surveillance?



4) Social Sciences & Humanities













4 PhDs



4 Post-Docs



Eleni Tamiolaki



Maria Papadopoulou

Artemis

Karnava



Christophe Roche

18 people



Anastasia Natsina

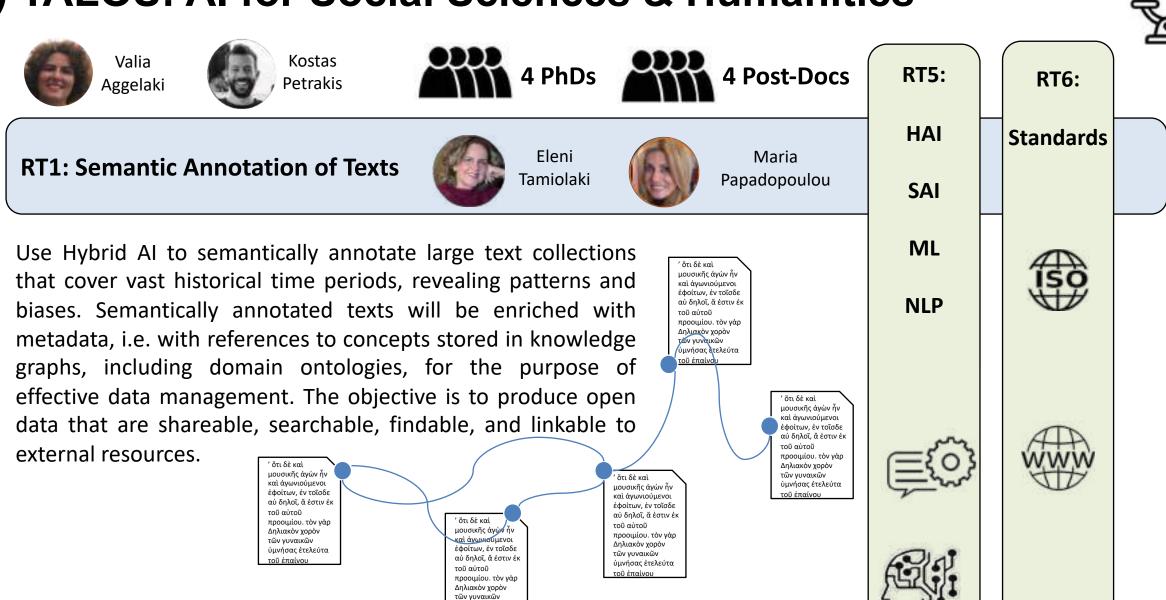


Stergios Chatzikyriakidis



Stavroula Tsinorema





ύμνήσας έτελεύτα

2023



Valia Aggelaki



Kostas Petrakis



4 PhDs



4 Post-Docs

RT5:

HAI

SAI

RT6:

Standards

The objective is to preserve and open cultural items in such a way they can be shareable, linkable and findable. Particular attention will be paid to scarce resources such as linear B inscriptions.

RT2: Preservation & Dissemination of Cultural Heritage

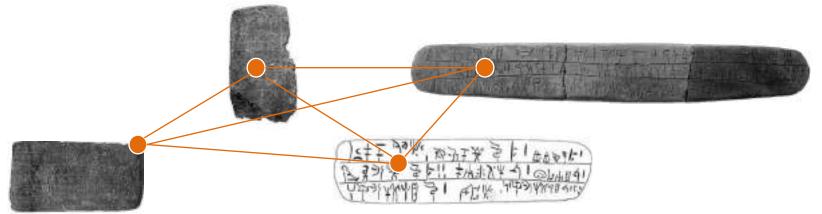


Artemis Karnava ML

NLP



DL will be used to complete inscriptions as well as terminology, ontology and knowledge graphs for their representation.









Using NLP, Knowledge Representation (KR) and Deep Neural Networks for pattern

detection in order to detect linguistic and semantic patterns in a large corpus. The

detection of patterns and correlation with metadata in corpora that cover a long

historical period and/or different genres is cardinal for an approach to modern

literature as historical evidence as well as for the history of literature, history of



Valia Aggelaki



genres, and the history of concepts and ideas

Kostas Petrakis



4 PhDs



4 Post-Docs

RT5:

HAI

RT6:

Standards

SAI

ML

NLP



RT3: Corpora Analysis



Anastasia Natsina



Stergios Chatzikyriakidis















Valia Aggelaki



Kostas Petrakis



4 PhDs



4 Post-Docs

RT5:

HAI

RT6:

Standards

SAI

ML

NLP











"Ontologies are used with great success in education because they allow to formulate the representation of a learning domain by specifying all concepts involved, relations between concepts and all properties and conditions that exist."

"Ontologies in education – state of the art", Stancin, K., Poscic, P. & Jaksic, D. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10639-020-10226-z



Ontologies for:

- √ describing learning domains
- √ curriculum modelling and management
- √ describing learner data
- √ describing e-learning services

Applications for Education: Expert Systems

RT4: Digitalisation of Education



Eleni Katsarou

2023



RT4: Digitalisation of Education



Eleni Katsarou



- 1) Enhancing the knowledge of the next generation of students in Digital and Al
 - Opening the University to children and teens
 - New Curricula in Digital Humanities
- 2) Dissemination
 - MOOCs (Ethics, AI, DH...)
- 3) International training (on site & online)

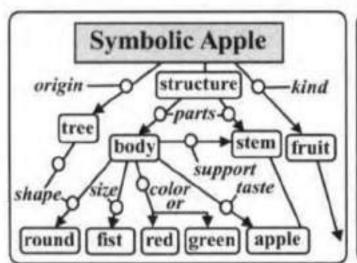
TALOS Virtual Academy

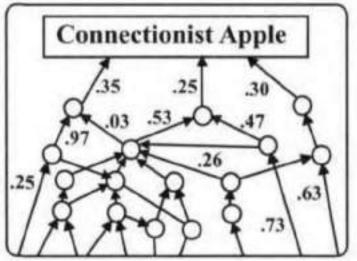


- Credits in AI for SSH
- PhD Courses
- Summer Schools

To Conclude: Digital Intelligence







In ChatGPT, **knowledge** is represented through a set of parameters or **weights** that are learned during the model's training process.

These weights represent the **connections** and patterns between different **words** and **phrases** in the text data that ChatGPT was trained on.

Understanding in ChatGPT is represented through the model's internal representations and **mathematical computations**.



New kind of knowledge New kind of reasoning

Does it matter to Digital Intelligence to be understandable by humans?

